

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3 (3) (a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that an auditor has not reviewed the financial statements.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

## LION ONE METALS LIMITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited) ÀS AT

		December 31, 2015	June 30, 2015
ASSETS			
Current			
Cash	\$	553,580	\$ 4,144,571
Receivables (Note 4)		96,642	34,767
Prepaid expenses		9,823	 12,615
		660,045	4,191,953
Restricted cash (Note 5)		105,249	103,911
Exploration advances and deposits (Note 6)		1,806,715	62,854
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 6)		39,468,218	36,069,453
Property and equipment (Note 7)	_	643,093	 670,905
	\$	42,683,320	\$ 41,099,076
	\$	325,408	\$ 313,489
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 8)	\$	325,408 32,353	\$ 313,489 29,258
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 8)	\$	,	\$
Long-term provisions (Note 8)	\$ 	32,353	\$ 29,258
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 8) Long-term provisions (Note 8) Shareholders' equity	\$ 	32,353 357,761	\$ 29,258 342,747
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 8) Long-term provisions (Note 8)	\$	32,353	\$  29,258
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 8) Long-term provisions (Note 8) Shareholders' equity Share capital (Note 9)	\$	32,353 357,761 60,016,725	\$ 29,258 342,747 60,016,725
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 8) Long-term provisions (Note 8) Shareholders' equity Share capital (Note 9) Reserves (Note 9)	\$	32,353 357,761 60,016,725 18,879,284	\$  29,258 342,747 60,016,725 18,834,140
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 8) Long-term provisions (Note 8) Shareholders' equity Share capital (Note 9) Reserves (Note 9) Accumulated other comprehensive income	\$	32,353 357,761 60,016,725 18,879,284 5,026,902	\$  29,258 342,747 60,016,725 18,834,140 2,684,437

Nature of operations and going concern (Note 1) **Commitment** (Note 10)

Approved and authorized by the Board on February 11, 2016:

"Walter H. Beruk
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koff" Director "Richard Meli" Director

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

		Three months ended December 31, 2015		Three months ended December 31, 2014		Six months ended December 31, 2015		Six months ended December 31, 2014
EXPENSES								
Consulting fees	\$	32,000	\$	33,750	\$	65,750	\$	67,500
Depreciation (Note 7)	Ψ	257	Ψ	745	Ψ	609	Ψ	3,537
Directors fees (Note 10)		6,000		6,000		12,000		12,000
Foreign exchange (gain) loss		658		(118)		532		(1,162)
Licenses, dues and fees		5,230		7,498		18,315		19,608
Investor relations		42,542		41,445		144,796		75,812
Management fees		30,730		41,824		51,696		96,648
Office and administrative		89,891		78,074		172,003		203,985
Professional fees		35,598		48,468		128,562		209,178
Property costs		13		17,184		1,998		44,377
Rent		47,969		79,331		95,336		159,640
Shareholder communication		59,423		56,698		97,774		98,507
Share-based payments (Note 9)		23,400		44,378		32,154		102,975
Travel	-	2,429		896		3,762		30,151
Operating loss		(376,140)		(456,173)		(825,287)		(1,122,756)
OTHER INCOME								
Interest income	-	2,356		20,172		6,908		49,117
Net loss for the period		(373,784)		(436,001)		(818,379)		(1,073,639)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME								
Foreign exchange gain	-	1,821,607		151,002		2,342,465		18,520
Comprehensive income (loss)								
for the period	\$	1,447,823	\$	(284,999)	\$	1,524,086	\$	(1,055,119)
Basic and diluted loss per								
common share	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.02)
Weighted average number of								
common shares outstanding		60,175,608		60,175,608		60,175,608		60,175,608

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited) FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31

		2015		2014
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net loss for the period	\$	(818,379)	\$	(1,073,639)
Non-cash items:				
Depreciation (Note 7)		609		3,537
Foreign exchange gain		532		(1,162)
Share-based payments		32,154		102,975
Changes in non-cash working capital items:				
Receivables		(57,948)		23,751
Prepaid expenses		2,996		15,321
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		10,081		6,255
		(829,955)		(922,962)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of property and equipment		-		(78,128)
Exploration expenditures		(1,129,308)		(1,375,954)
Exploration advances and deposits		(1,673,960)		25,352
		, · · · · · ·		
		(2,803,268)		(1,428,730)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		42,232		(55,448)
Change in cash during the period		(3,590,991)		(2,407,140)
Cash, beginning of period		4,144,571		8,040,357
Cash, end of period	\$	553,580	\$	5,633,217
Supplementary cash flow information:				
Non-cash transactions:				
Depreciation expense capitalized to exploration and evaluation assets	\$	70,788	\$	66,598
Share-based payments expense capitalized to	Ψ	10,100	Ψ	00,390
exploration and evaluation assets		12,990		29,432
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities in exploration and evaluation assets		110,825		102,797

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

	Share (	Capital			Accumulated	
	Number	Amount	Reserves	Deficit	Other Comprehensive Income	Total
Balance, June 30, 2014	60,175,608	\$ 60,016,725	\$ 18,550,075	\$ (38,792,488)	\$ 2,075,533	\$ 41,849,845
Share-based payments Comprehensive loss	-	-	132,407	-	-	132,407
for the period		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(1,073,639)	18,520	(1,055,119)
Balance, December 31, 2014	60,175,608	60,016,725	18,682,482	(39,866,127)	2,094,053	40,927,133
Share-based payments	-	-	151,658	-	-	151,658
Comprehensive loss for the period			<u> </u>	(912,846)	590,384	(322,462)
Balance, June 30, 2015	60,175,608	60,016,725	18,834,140	(40,778,973)	2,684,437	40,756,329
Share-based payments	-	-	45,144	-	-	45,144
Comprehensive income for the period				<u>(818,379)</u>	2,342,465	1,524,086
Balance, December 31, 2015	60,175,608	\$ 60,016,725	\$ 18,879,284	\$ (41,597,352)	\$ 5,026,902	\$ 42,325,559

## 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Lion One Metals Limited ("Lion One" or the "Company") was incorporated on November 12, 1996 under the name X-Tal Minerals Corp. ("X-Tal") under the laws of the Province of British Columbia, Canada. On January 28, 2011, the Company changed its name to Lion One and executed a reverse takeover of American Eagle Resources Inc.

The Company is in the business of mineral exploration and development and is currently focused on the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral resources in Fiji, and Australia.

The Company's head office and principal address is 311 West 1<sup>st</sup> Street, North Vancouver, BC, Canada, V7M 1B5. The address of the Company's registered and records office is 20<sup>th</sup> Floor, 250 Howe Street, Vancouver, BC, V6C 3R8.

The Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements and those of its wholly controlled subsidiaries are presented in Canadian dollars.

The Company is in the process of exploring and evaluating its resource properties and has not yet determined whether the properties contain mineral reserves that are economically recoverable. The recoverability of the amounts shown for exploration and evaluation assets are dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the development of those reserves and upon future profitable production.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") with the assumption that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business rather than through a process of forced liquidation. The Company has incurred losses from inception and does not currently have the financial resources to complete development in the long-term. As at December 31, 2015, the Company had not advanced its properties to commercial production. The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent upon the successful results from its exploration activities and its ability to attain profitable operations and generate funds therefrom and/or raise equity capital or borrowings sufficient to meet current and future obligations. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may give rise to significant doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include adjustments to amounts and classifications of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue operations. Continued operations of the Company are dependent on the Company's ability to receive financial support, obtain necessary financings, and/or generate profitable operations in the future.

## 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

### Statement of Compliance

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' ("IAS 34") using accounting policies consistent with IFRS issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and Interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). The accounting policies and methods of computation applied by the Company in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements are the same as those applied in the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015.

#### **Basis of Consolidation and Presentation**

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain financial assets that are measured at fair value. All dollar amounts presented are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise specified.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its wholly controlled subsidiaries. Control exists when the Company has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its direct wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

## 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd...)

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### Judgments

The functional currency of each of the subsidiaries and the Company were assessed to determine the economic substance of the currency in which each entity performed its operations. The functional currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar. The functional currencies of the Company's subsidiaries have been assessed as follows:

	Country of Incorporation	Effective Interest	Functional currency
American Eagle Resources Inc.	Canada	100%	Canadian Dollar
Laimes International Inc.	BVI	100%	Canadian Dollar
Auksas Inc.	BVI	100%	Canadian Dollar
Lion One Limited	Fiji	100%	Fijian Dollar
Lion One Australia Pty Ltd.	Australia	100%	Australian Dollar
Piche Resources Pty Ltd.	Australia	100%	Australian Dollar

#### Estimates

Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that management has made at the end of the reporting period, that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, are as follows:

The carrying value and recoverability of exploration and evaluation assets requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions about its project. Management considers the economics of the project, including the latest resource prices and the long-term forecasts, and the overall economic viability of the project.

The determination of income tax is inherently complex and requires making certain estimates and assumptions about future events. While income tax filings are subject to audits and reassessments, the Company has adequately provided for all income tax obligations. However, changes in facts and circumstances as a result of income tax audits, reassessments, jurisprudence and any new legislation may result in an increase or decrease in the Company's provision for income taxes.

Share-based payments are subject to estimation of the value of the award at the date of grant using pricing models such as the Black-Scholes option valuation model. The option valuation model requires the input of highly subjective assumptions including the expected share price volatility. Where such valuations are applied, such as the time of a stock option grant or issuance of shares from trust, management provides detailed valuation assumptions.

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### New standards not yet adopted

#### IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Revised)

IFRS 9 was issued by the IASB in October 2010. It incorporates revised requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and carrying over the existing derecognition requirements from IAS 39 *Financial instruments: recognition and measurement.* The revised financial liability provisions maintain the existing amortised cost measurement basis for most liabilities. New requirements apply where an entity chooses to measure a liability at fair value through profit or loss – in these cases, the portion of the change in fair value related to changes in the entity's own credit risk is presented in other comprehensive income rather than within profit or loss. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The impact of IFRS 9 on the Company's financial instruments has not yet been determined.

## 4. RECEIVABLES

	De	ecember 31, 2015	June 30, 2015
GST and VAT receivable Administration recoveries	\$	91,902 4,740	\$ 34,361 406
Balance, end of period	\$	96,642	\$ 34,767

## 5. RESTRICTED CASH

The restricted cash balance is comprised of a guaranteed investment certificate and security deposit held as collateral for the Company's corporate credit cards.

## 6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

December 31, 2015	Fiji	Australia	Total
Acquisition costs			
Balance, June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2015	\$ 21,915,063	\$ 511,890	\$ 22,426,953
Exploration expenditures			
Balance, June 30, 2015	14,902,358	21,365	14,923,723
Additions for the period	 1,189,569	17,614	1,207,183
Balance, December 31, 2015	16,091,927	38,979	16,130,906
Cumulative translation adjustment			
Balance, June 30, 2015	(1,244,487)	(36,736)	(1,281,223)
Additions for the period	 2,167,623	23,959	2,191,582
Balance, December 31, 2015	923,136	(12,777)	910,359
Property total, December 31, 2015	\$ 38,930,126	\$ 538,092	\$ 39,468,218

June 30, 2015	Fiji	Australia	Total
Acquisition costs			
Balance, June 30, 2014 and 2015	\$ 21,915,063	\$ 511,890	\$ 22,426,953
Exploration expenditures			
Balance, June 30, 2014	12,686,501	19,296	12,705,797
Additions for the year	 2,215,857	2,069	2,217,926
Balance, June 30, 2015	14,902,358	21,365	14,923,723
Cumulative translation adjustment			
Balance, June 30, 2014	(1,975,063)	(14,849)	(1,989,912)
Additions for the year	 730,576	(21,887)	708,689
Balance, June 30, 2015	(1,244,487)	(36,736)	(1,281,223)
Property total, June 30, 2015	\$ 35,572,934	\$ 496,519	\$ 36,069,453

## 6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

## **Tuvatu Gold Project**

The Company's primary asset is the Tuvatu Gold Project located near Nadi on the island of Viti Levu, Fiji.

The Mineral Resources Department ("MRD") of Fiji has granted Special Mining Lease 62 ("SML 62") on the Tuvatu project to the Company. SML 62 is a designated area within the original boundaries of the Company's Special Prospecting Licenses ("SPL's") 1283 and 1296. SML 62 provides exclusive rights for the potential development, construction, and operation of mining, processing, and waste management infrastructure at Tuvatu. The terms of the mining lease provide for certain performance and reporting requirements. The SML has been granted for a term of ten years provided the Company complies with the terms of the lease. Extensions to the term can be applied subject to the terms of the lease and the Mining Act. A performance and environmental bond of FJD\$2,700,000 (CAD\$1,739,610) has been placed on deposit with the MRD. The SML is subject to annual lease payments of FJD\$73,697.

In addition to a 5% net smelter royalty ("NSR") with the government of Fiji, the Fiji properties are subject to a perpetual production royalty of 0.5% to 1.5% of net smelter returns. This NSR is payable to a company controlled by a common director.

## Surface Lease Agreement

The Company holds a 21-year Surface Lease agreement with the iTaueki Land Trust Board ("TLTB") which governs the native land ownership rights in Fiji. The TLTB manages the lease agreements between native land owners and tenants.

Under the terms of the Surface Lease, the Company must make a one-time payment of FJD\$1,000,000 of which FJD\$700,000 (CAD\$427,070) was paid in the year ended June 30, 2014 upon acceptance of the Surface Lease agreement. The balance of FJD\$300,000 (CAD\$193,290) is due upon the first gold production from mining operations in Tuvatu. An additional lease payment of FJD\$30,000 (CAD\$19,329) is payable per annum to the local communities for education and community development over the 21-year term of the Surface Lease agreement.

## **Fiji Exploration Properties**

The Company holds five exploration licenses (SPL's) for the Tuvatu, Delaikoro and Vunimoli properties as granted by the MRD. SPL's 1283, 1296 and 1465 are contiguous to the Tuvatu Gold Project located near Nadi on the island of Viti Levu. The other projects being Delaikoro (SPL 1467) and Vunimoli (SPL 1468) are on the island of Vanua Levu and are in the early stages of exploration.

Under the terms of the SPL's, the Company is required to spend a minimum threshold of expenditures on each of the licenses. Management submits exploration work to the MRD quarterly and has represented that these expenditure thresholds have been satisfied.

Special Prospecting License	Issued	Expiry Date	Bond (Fijian \$)	(Car	Bond nadian \$)	Expenditure equirement (Fijian \$)	R	Expenditure equirement Canadian \$)
1283 / 1296 1465 1467 1468	Sept. 3, 2013 Dec. 2, 2013 Nov. 7, 2013 Oct. 2, 2013	Sept. 3, 2016 Dec. 1, 2016 Nov. 7, 2016 Oct. 2, 2016	\$ 23,520 31,700 11,000 5,950	\$	15,154 20,424 7,087 3.834	\$ 4,200,000 1,800,000 650,500 289,500	\$	2,706,060 1,159,740 419,117 186,525
	,	,	\$ 72,170	\$	46,499	\$ 6,940,000	\$	4,471,442

The Company has satisfied the expenditure requirements under the current term of SPL 1283 and 1296.

#### Bonds

The SPL's require the posting of bonds as security against future reclamation obligations. As at December 31, 2015, the Company has bonds of \$1,786,109 (June 30, 2015 - \$43,280) held with the MRD included in exploration advances and deposits on the statement of financial position.

## 6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

## Australian Properties

## Olary Creek, South Australia

The Company has a 51% interest in the Olary Creek tenement located near Broken Hill, South Australia. The project is focused on iron ore.

In 2010, Lion One Australia entered into a joint venture agreement ("JV Agreement") with HJH Nominees ("HJH"), a private Chinese company, over the iron (Fe) and manganese (Mn) rights on the tenement. Under the terms of the JV Agreement, HJH was required, among other superseded terms, to:

- a) Spend \$2,000,000 on exploration within two years of signing the JV Agreement, at which time HJH would have earned a 49% interest in the Fe and Mn rights on the project; and
- b) Spend \$5,000,000 within 4 years to earn a 75% interest in the Fe and Mn rights on the project.

In fiscal 2012, HJH and its third party partner, Henan Yukuang Resources Development Limited Co ("Henan"), completed the required expenditures to obtain a 75% interest under the JV Agreement. The Company, in accordance with the terms of the JV Agreement, maintains a 25% free carried interest to the completion of a bankable feasibility study and decision to mine the Fe and Mn rights and retains 100% of the rights for all other commodities on the tenement.

In fiscal 2013, the Company received notice that HJH intended to sell a 22% participating interest in the JV Agreement. The Company elected to exercise its pre-emptive right over the interest. During the year ended June 30, 2014, the Company, Henan and HJH formalized the termination of HJH from the JV Agreement. A formal Olary Creek Farm-In and Joint Venture Agreement ("Olary Creek JV") was executed confirming the respective interests of the parties and ownership of the tenement. Under the Olary Creek JV, ownership of the tenement is 51% by the Company and 49% by Henan with participation in the Fe and Mn rights of 47% by the Company and 53% by Henan.

Under the Olary Creek JV, the Company's 47% interest consists of the 25% free carried interest and a 22% contributing interest. Henan, as operator, must submit budgets and programs quarterly as and when exploration advances. The Company will then have the option to contribute according to its 22% interest or dilute. HJH retains a 0.5% free on board ("FOB") royalty on iron ore product from the tenement in relation to the 22% participating interest held by the Company and a further royalty with Henan.

The Company's 25% free carried interest can be converted to either a 2% free on board ("FOB") royalty on iron ore product from the tenement or a 1% FOB royalty plus a reserve tonne royalty of \$0.50 per tonne of iron ore produced from the tenement.

#### Bonds

As at December 31, 2015, the Company held \$17,719 (June 30, 2015 - \$16,935) in performance bonds with various Australian authorities on its Australian tenements included in exploration advances and deposits on the statement of financial position.

## 7. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

		Computers			_			
		and Office		Motor		uilding and		Tatal
	1	Equipment		Vehicles		Equipment		Total
Cost								
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$	132,952	\$	173,607	\$	748,153	\$	1,054,712
Additions for the year		78,128		-		-		78,128
Cumulative translation adjustment		2,816		4,526		<u>18,146</u>		25,488
Balance, June 30, 2015		213,896		178,133		766,299		1,158,328
Cumulative translation adjustment		9,818		13,217		53,212		76,247
Balance, December 31, 2015	\$	223,714	\$	191,350	\$	819,511	\$	1,234,575
Accumulated depreciation								
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$	94,329	\$	82,098	\$	159,313	\$	335,740
Additions for the year		49,494		31,649		62,527		143,670
Cumulative translation adjustment		2,045		2,319		3,649		8,013
Balance, June 30, 2015		145,868		116,066		225,489		487,423
Additions for the period		23,077		16,399		31,921		71,397
Cumulative translation adjustment		8,280		9,244		15,138		32,662
Balance, December 31, 2015	\$	177,225	\$	141,709	\$	272,548	\$	591,482
Net book value								
	¢	68.028	\$	62.067	\$	540.810	\$	670,905
As at June 30, 2015 As at December 31, 2015	\$ \$	46,489	ֆ Տ	62,067 49,641	ֆ Տ	540,810 546,963	ֆ Տ	643,093
	Ψ	40,409	ψ	43,041	ψ	540,303	Ψ	040,090

## 8. **PROVISIONS**

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	D	ecember 31, 2015	June 30, 2015
Trade payables and short-term provisions Exploration expenditures payable Employee benefits	\$	106,039 110,825 108,544	\$ 107,764 115,345 90,380
Balance, end of period	\$	325,408	\$ 313,489

Long-term provisions represent accrued long-term service benefits for employees in Australia in accordance with Australian labour standards.

## 9. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES

a) Authorized share capital

Unlimited number of common shares without par value.

b) Issued share capital

The Company did not complete any private placements in the period ended December 31, 2015 or the year ended June 30, 2015.

## 9. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES (cont'd...)

c) Trust agreement

Pursuant to a Trust Agreement dated April 1, 2010, the Company has issued and allotted 1,000,000 common shares from treasury to a designated trustee. The Trust Agreement stipulates the release of the shares to the beneficiaries upon vesting dates. As at December 31, 2015, 100,000 (June 30, 2015 – 100,000) shares remained in trust.

d) Stock options and warrants

The TSX Venture Exchange accepted for filing the Company's Stock Option Plan which was approved by the Company's shareholders at the Annual General Meeting held December 10, 2015. A rolling stock option plan has been implemented whereby a maximum of 10% of the issued shares will be reserved for issuance under the plan. Options can be granted for a term not to exceed ten years. Shareholder approval must also be obtained yearly at the Company's Annual General Meeting and in addition, submitted for review and acceptance by the Exchange each year.

#### e) Stock options

Stock option transactions are summarized as follows:

	Number of Stock Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance, June 30, 2014	4,240,000	\$ 0.64
Forfeited and expired	<u>(705,000)</u>	0.39
Balance, June 30, 2015	3,535,000	0.69
Forfeited and expired	(510,000)	1.00
Balance, December 31, 2015	3,025,000	\$ 0.64
Balance, December 31, 2015 exercisable	1,841,661	\$ 0.83

Stock options outstanding as at December 31, 2015:

	Number	Exercise price	Expiry date
Stock Options	400,000	\$ 1.40	May 25, 2016
·	200,000	1.40	July 20, 2016
	25,000	1.40	November 2, 2016
	500,000	0.70	October 11, 2017
	125,000	0.70	February 26, 2018
	1,775,000	0.35	June 27, 2019
	3,025,000		

Total share-based payments recognized in the statement of shareholders' equity for the period ended December 31, 2015 was \$45,144 (2014 - \$132,407) for incentive options vested. Share-based payments expense of \$32,154 (2014 - \$102,975) was recognized in the statement of loss and comprehensive loss with the balance an expense of \$12,990 (2014 - \$29,432) capitalized to exploration and evaluation assets, which relates to employees working on the Tuvatu property.

## 10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

## Management Compensation

Key management personnel comprise of the Chief Executive Officer, former President, Managing Director, Chief Financial Officer, and Vice President and Corporate Secretary of the Company. The remuneration of the key management personnel is as follows for the six month periods ended December 31:

	2015	2014	
Payments to key management personnel:			
Cash compensation	\$ 190,996	\$	284,851
Share-based payments	33,498		62,609

During the six months ended December 31, 2015, the Company incurred rent charges of \$90,000 (2014 - \$90,000) with Cabrera Capital Corp. ("Cabrera"), a company controlled by a director of the Company. As at December 31, 2015, the Company had a payable of \$16,352 due (June 30, 2015 - \$6,772) to Cabrera.

During the six months ended December 31, 2015, the Company paid professionals services fees of \$17,192 (2014 - \$29,674) to a management services company owned by a director of the Company's subsidiary.

During the six months ended December 31, 2015, the Company paid directors' fees of \$12,000 (2014 - \$12,000) to non-executive board members.

As at December 31, 2015, the amount of \$76,539 (June 30, 2015 - \$48,148) included in accounts payable is due to related parties. All balances are unsecured, non-interest bearing, have no fixed repayment terms, and are due on demand.

#### Commitment

The Company has a management and corporate services agreement with Cabrera pursuant to which Cabrera provides a fully furnished and equipped business premises as well as management and administration services to the Company. With the exception of rent expense, Cabrera charges the Company on a cost-recovery basis. The Company can terminate the agreement at any time by paying Cabrera a year's worth of fees based on the average monthly fee paid to Cabrera since January 31, 2011.

## 11. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company operates in one industry segment, the mineral exploration industry.

December 31, 2015	Canada	Fiji	Australia	Total
Exploration and evaluation assets Property and equipment	\$ - 25,472	\$ 38,930,126 <u>616,585</u>	\$ 538,092 1,036	\$ 39,468,218 643,093
	\$ 25,472	\$ 39,546,711	\$ 539,128	\$ 40,111,311
June 30, 2015	Canada	Fiji	Australia	Total
Exploration and evaluation assets Property and equipment	\$ - 45,165	\$ 35,572,934 <u>624,135</u>	\$ 496,519 1,605	\$ 36,069,453 <u>670,905</u>
	\$ 45,165	\$ 36.197.069	\$ 498.124	\$ 36,740,358

## 12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

### **Financial instruments**

Cash and restricted cash are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value using a level 1 fair value measurement. Receivables, deposits, accounts payable and accrued liabilities are carried at amortized cost. The Company considers that the carrying amount of these financial assets and liabilities measured at amortized cost to approximate their fair value due to the short term nature of the financial instruments. Long-term provisions, representing long-term service benefits, are carried at amortized cost and reflect the fair value of the instrument as the carrying value reflects the payout of the instrument as at the reporting date.

Fair value estimates of financial instruments are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant information about financial markets and specific financial instruments. As these estimates are subjective in nature, involving uncertainties and matters of significant judgment, they cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions can significantly affect estimated fair values.

#### Financial risk factors

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of potential loss to the Company if the counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its liquid financial assets including cash and receivables. The Company limits exposure to credit risk on liquid financial assets through maintaining its cash with high-credit quality financial institutions. The Company does not currently maintain cash deposits in Argentina.

Receivables mainly consist of government sales tax ("GST") receivable from the Government of Canada, GST receivable from the Government of Australia and value added tax receivable from the Government of Fiji. The Company believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to receivables is minimal.

#### Liquidity risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at December 31, 2015, the Company had a working capital of \$334,637.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and commodity and equity prices. The Company does not have a practice of trading derivatives.

a) Interest rate risk

The Company's financial assets exposed to interest rate risk consist of cash. The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in investment-grade short-term deposit certificates issued by its banking institutions. The Company periodically monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the credit ratings of its banks. Management believes the interest rate risk is low given the current low global interest rate environment.

b) Foreign currency risk

The Company's property exploration work occurs in Fiji and Australia and is conducted in Canadian dollars, Australian dollars and Fijian dollars. As such, the Company is exposed to foreign currency risk in fluctuations among these currencies. Fluctuations in the exchange rate among the Canadian dollar, Australian dollar and Fijian dollar may have a material adverse effect on the Company's business and financial condition.

## 12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd...)

#### Financial risk factors (cont'd...)

b) Foreign currency risk (cont'd...)

As at December 31, 2015, the Company's net foreign denominated financial assets are as follows:

	Foreign currency			
Australian Dollar _Fijian Dollar	\$ (75,415) 2,802,721	\$	(76,041) 1,805,793	

The sensitivity of the Company's comprehensive loss due to changes in the carrying values of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies is as follows.

Increase / decrease in foreign exchange rate	December 31, 2015			June 30, 2015
+ 5% - 5%	\$	86,488 (86,488)	\$	81,325 (81,325)

c) Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity and equity prices. The Company closely monitors commodity prices to determine the appropriate strategic action to be taken by the Company.

## 13. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's capital management policy is to maintain a strong, but flexible capital structure that optimizes the cost of capital, creditor and market confidence while sustaining the future development of the business.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. The Company's capital structure includes shareholders' equity of \$42,325,559 (June 30, 2015 - \$40,756,329). In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may from time to time issue shares, seek additional debt financing and adjust its capital spending to manage current and working capital requirements. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

There were no changes to the Company's approach to capital management during the six months ended December 31, 2015.